

UNIT 1 • TRANSFORMATIONS

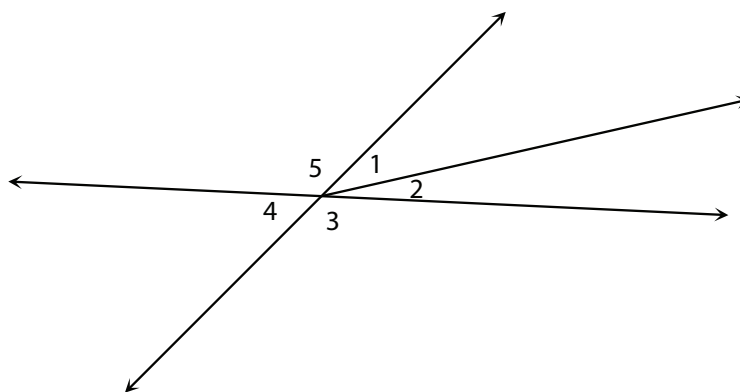
End-of-Unit Assessment

Assessment

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Circle the letter of the best answer.

- If there are two triangles for which $\overline{FH} \cong \overline{MP}$, $\overline{HJ} \cong \overline{PR}$, and $\overline{FJ} \cong \overline{MR}$, which statement is known to be true?
 - $\triangle FHJ \cong \triangle RMP$
 - $\triangle FHJ \cong \triangle MPR$
 - $\triangle FHJ \cong \triangle RPM$
 - $\triangle FJH \cong \triangle MPR$
- For $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$, the following is given: $\angle A \cong \angle D$, $\angle B \cong \angle E$, and $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DE}$. By which triangle congruence statement can it be concluded that the triangles are congruent?
 - SSS
 - SAS
 - ASA
 - It cannot be determined if the triangles are congruent.
- If $m\angle 1 = x + 7$, $m\angle 2 = 2(x + 2)$, and $m\angle 4 = 2(x + 13)$ in the diagram below, find $m\angle 4$.



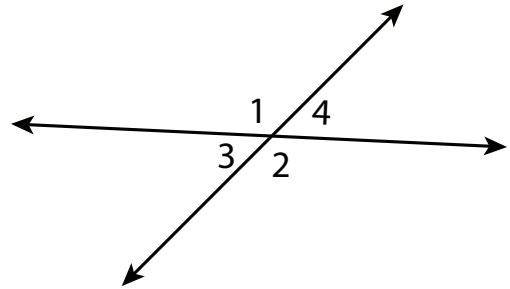
- 22°
- 34°
- 47°
- 56°

continued

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4. In the proof of the Vertical Angles Theorem below, what are the reasons for the statements listed? Refer to the diagram given. In the diagram, $\angle 3$ and $\angle 1$ form a linear pair and $\angle 1$ and $\angle 4$ form a linear pair. Prove that $\angle 3 \cong \angle 4$.

Statements	Reasons
1. $\angle 3$ and $\angle 1$ form a linear pair. $\angle 1$ and $\angle 4$ form a linear pair.	1. ?
2. $\angle 3$ and $\angle 1$ are supplementary. $\angle 1$ and $\angle 4$ are supplementary.	2. ?
3. $\angle 3 \cong \angle 4$	3. ?



a.

Statements	Reasons
1. $\angle 3$ and $\angle 1$ form a linear pair. $\angle 1$ and $\angle 4$ form a linear pair.	1. Inspection
2. $\angle 3$ and $\angle 1$ are supplementary. $\angle 1$ and $\angle 4$ are supplementary.	2. Supplement Theorem
3. $\angle 3 \cong \angle 4$	3. Transitive Property

b.

Statements	Reasons
1. $\angle 3$ and $\angle 1$ form a linear pair. $\angle 1$ and $\angle 4$ form a linear pair.	1. Given
2. $\angle 3$ and $\angle 1$ are supplementary. $\angle 1$ and $\angle 4$ are supplementary.	2. Supplement Theorem
3. $\angle 3 \cong \angle 4$	3. Angles supplementary to the same angle or to congruent angles are congruent.

c.

Statements	Reasons
1. $\angle 3$ and $\angle 1$ form a linear pair. $\angle 1$ and $\angle 4$ form a linear pair.	1. Given
2. $\angle 3$ and $\angle 1$ are supplementary. $\angle 1$ and $\angle 4$ are supplementary.	2. $m\angle 3 + m\angle 1 = 180$ $m\angle 1 + m\angle 4 = 180$
3. $\angle 3 \cong \angle 4$	3. Angles supplementary to the same angle or to congruent angles are congruent.

d.

Statements	Reasons
1. $\angle 3$ and $\angle 1$ form a linear pair. $\angle 1$ and $\angle 4$ form a linear pair.	1. Given
2. $\angle 3$ and $\angle 1$ are supplementary. $\angle 1$ and $\angle 4$ are supplementary.	2. Complement Theorem
3. $\angle 3 \cong \angle 4$	3. Angles supplementary to the same angle or to congruent angles are congruent.

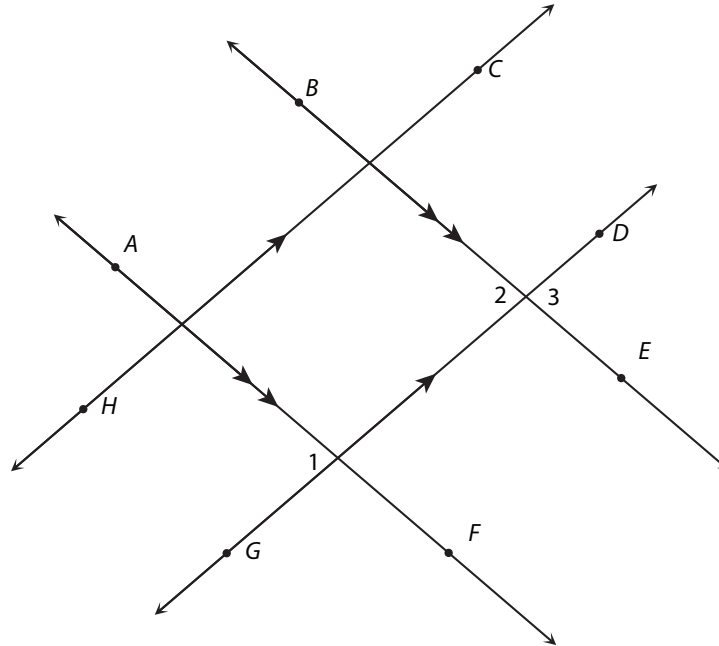
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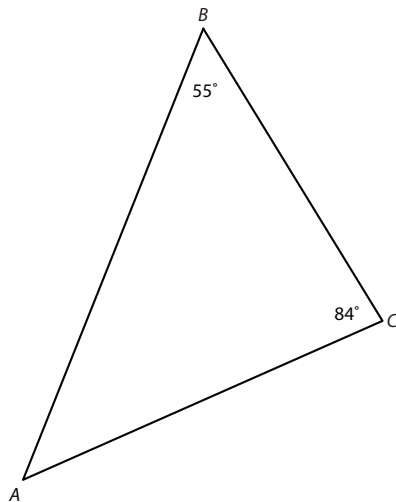
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5. There are two sets of parallel lines in the diagram below. Find $m\angle 2$ if $m\angle 1 = 10x - 4$ and $m\angle 3 = 7x + 20$.



- a. 14°
 - b. 90°
 - c. 76°
 - d. 104°
6. What is the measure of $\angle A$?



- a. 135°
- b. 41°
- c. 20.5°
- d. 96°

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9. If $f(x, y) = (3x, 2y)$, then what is $f(3, 1)$?
- a. (6, 3)
 - b. (9, 2)
 - c. (0, 1)
 - d. (2, 9)
10. If $f(x, y) = (-x, y)$ and $g(x, y) = (x + 1, -y)$, then what is $f(g(2, 7))$?
- a. (-3, -7)
 - b. (7, 3)
 - c. (3, 7)
 - d. (-7, 3)
11. What type of lines do translations move all points in a set along?
- a. parallel
 - b. skew
 - c. perpendicular
 - d. independent
12. Which set of coordinates below represents a transformation that translates $P(x, y)$ left by 5 units and up by 4 units, then reflects it across the y -axis?
- a. $(x - 5, y + 4)$
 - b. $(x - 5, y - 4)$
 - c. $(5 - x, y + 4)$
 - d. $(5 + x, y + 4)$

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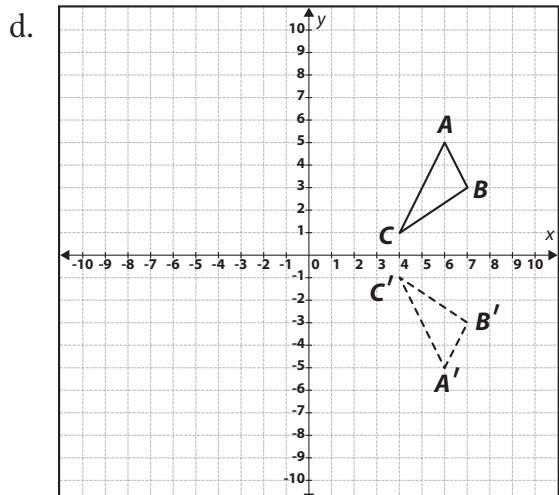
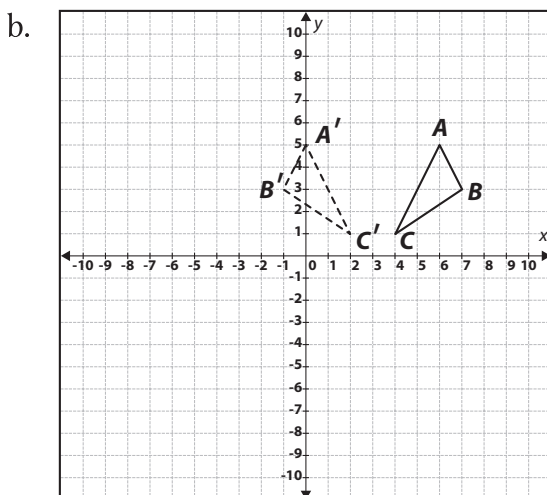
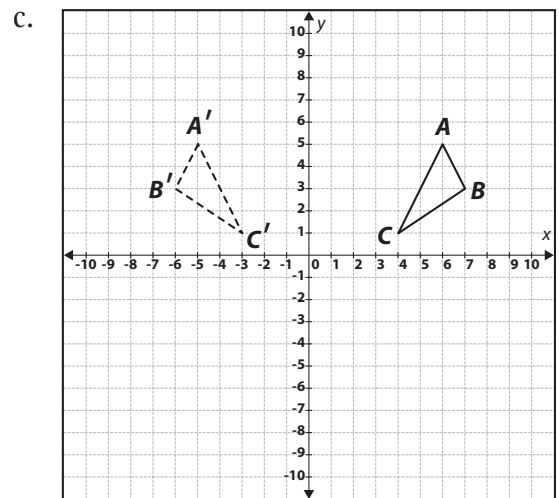
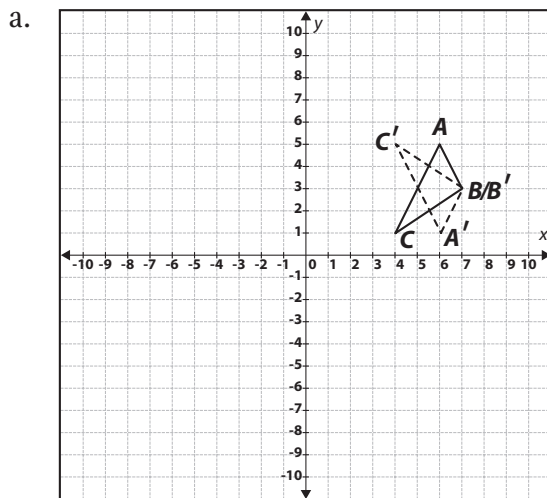
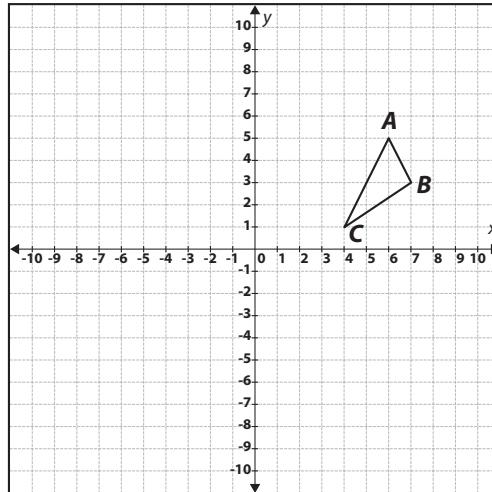
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13. Which illustration predicts the effect(s) of reflecting the given triangle over the line $x = 3$?



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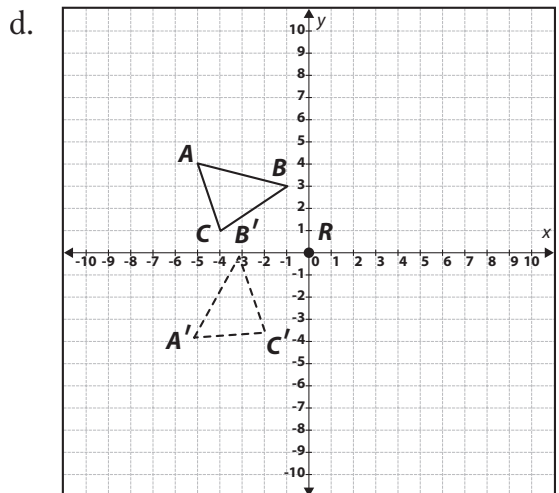
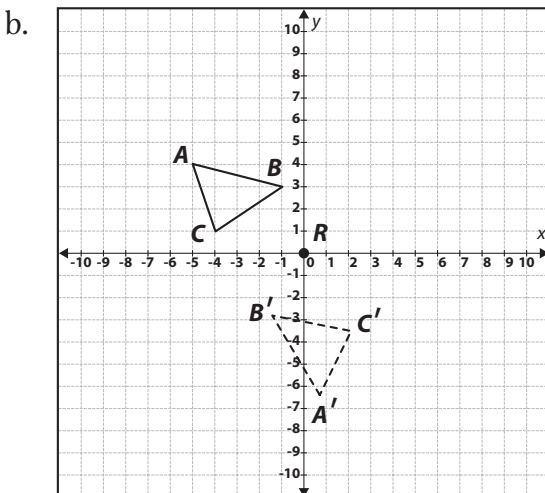
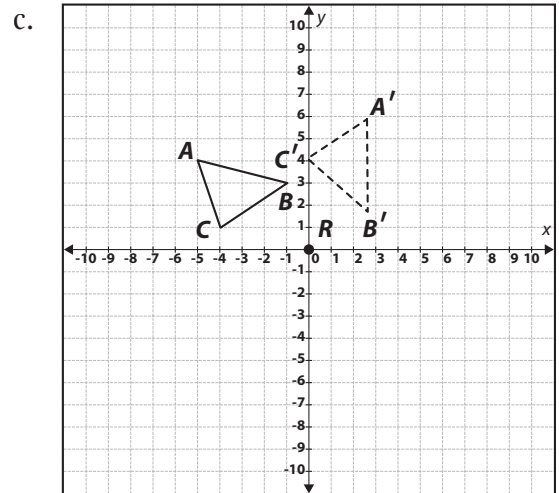
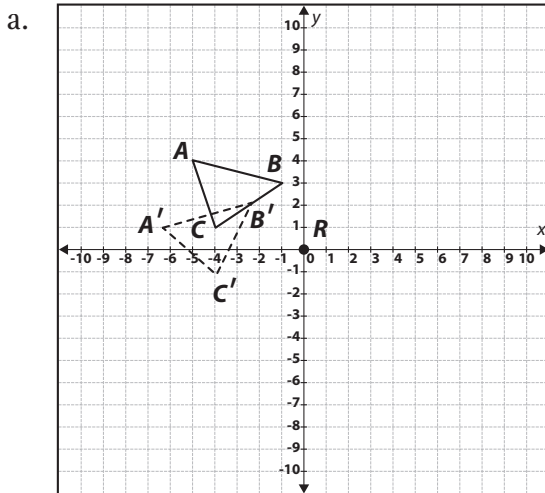
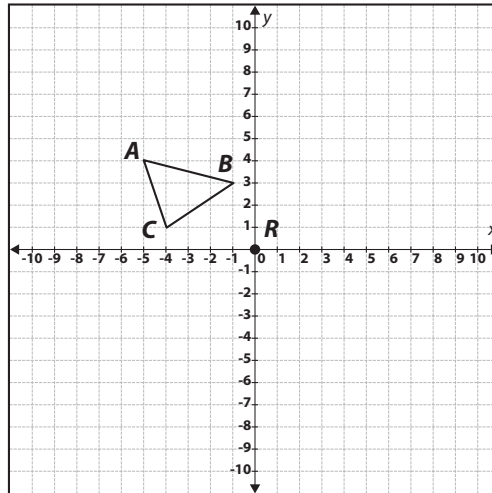
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14. Which illustration predicts the effect(s) of rotating the given triangle 75° counterclockwise about R ?



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15. Which illustration predicts the effect(s) of translating the given pentagon 2 units to the right and 5 units down? Each square on the grid represents 1 unit.

